

The CSIR's role in mining

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Outline of presentation



- The value of mining in SA
- The challenges facing the mining sector
- The collective solution Mining Phakisa
- Advancing the cluster
- The SAMERDI strategy
- CSIR in mining
- Conclusions



Mining in South Africa - the value



Abundance of mineral wealth reserves

- All minerals
 - US\$ 4.7 trillion
- Non energy related minerals
 - US\$ 2.5 trillion

Source: Technology Innovation Agency 2015/2016

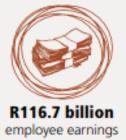
World number #1 in:

- PGMs (87.7%)
- Chromium (72.4%)
- Manganese (80%)
- Gold (12.7%)

- SA mining industry has been the cornerstone of the economy
- Mining led the first industrialisation in South Africa
- Contribution of 8% to GDP
- More than 13% of all expenditure on manufactured items came from mining
- 25% of exports
- 15% of FDI
- Dependency ratio of 1:15 for every mine employee



R286 billion contribution to 2015 GDP

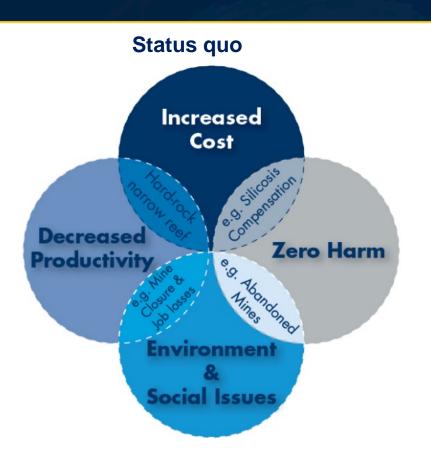




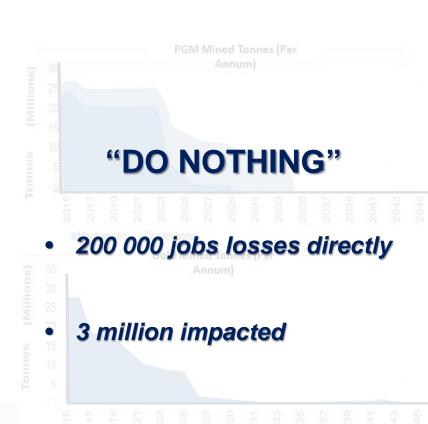
457 698
rect jobs created
Source: Chamber of Mines of

Mining in South Africa - in crisis





"If we do nothing"



Mining in South Africa - collective solution



National objectives

- · Zero Harm Industry,
- Globally competitive & Sustainable
- Need to maximise the mineral endowment
- A diversified strong economy
- Stimulate the local mining manufacturing sector



Key stakeholders

- Government (DST, dti, DPME, DMR)
- Mining companies
- OEMs
- Universities
- Research institutes
- Organised labour

Mining Phakisa outcomes

- Advancing the cluster
- Reviving investment into mining
- Sustainable communities
- Cluster employment
- Win-win beneficiation



....to keep the industry afloat during the commodity price slump

....putting in place initiatives to place the mining cluster on a firm foundation

...to grow, transform & contribute to the economy

Advancing the cluster





Extend the life of platinum and gold mines in South Africa beyond 2025 & establish global leadership in narrow-reef, hard rock mining systems

Mining R&D programme

The establishment of focussed R&D solutions

- Operational efficacy
- Rebuild R&D capacity and capability
- Collaborative R&D funding model
- Institutional arrangement
- · Mechanised mining system solutions
- Integration of transformed R&D capability and capacity across SA
- Roll-out prototype solutions into production
- Local R&D capability for narrow-reef mechanised mining solutions
- Develop a hard rock cutting tool (>200 MPa)

Mining Equipment Manufacturing Development programme

Providing locally manufactured equipment

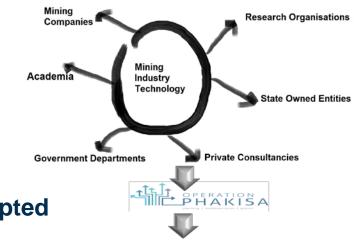
- Establish mining manufacturing equipment cluster
- Increase local content in current procurement
- Partnering with global OEMs
- MMEC incentive model to ensure local manufacturing
- Strengthen SA manufacturing capability
- Incentivise global OEMs for local assembly
- Develop Tier 2 & Tier 3 suppliers
- Local OEMs exporting narrow-reef hard rock mining systems



- Pre-Phakisa R&D in mining there was no approved strategy – different foci and needs;
- Further fragmented due to competitive R&D funding environment;

 Post the Phakisa – SAMERDI strategy was adopted as the consolidated strategy for extraction;

- Focus on mines:
 - Increase productivity and safety
 - Optimised use of input resources
 - Cost efficiencies
 - Increased LoM
- Rebuilding R&D capability
 - Long-term programmes
 - Capacity building
 - Skills enhancement

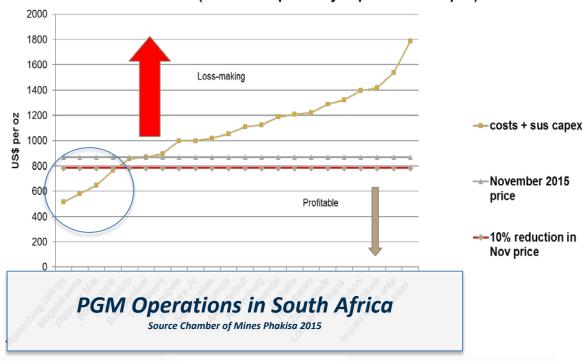


"SOUTH AFRICAN MINING EXTRACTION RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT & INNOVATION STRATEGY" (SAMERDI)





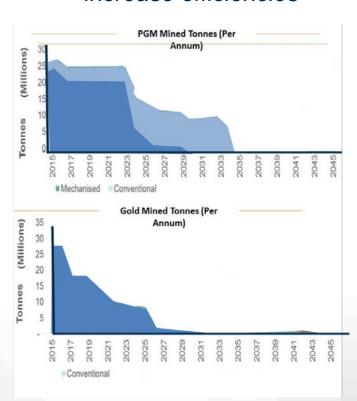
Platinum cost curve (cash costs plus stay in production capex) FY2015



Current Mines

Mining is in crisis,

- safer,
- reduce costs,
- increase efficiencies







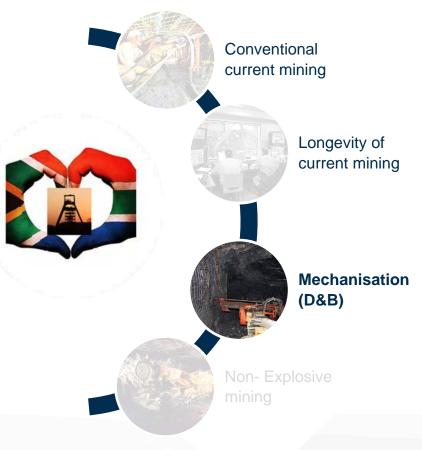
Current Mines – Longevity

More from the same with the same.

- Focus on mines with limited LoM
- Tweaks and optimisation without necessarily introducing large CAPEX requirements







Mechanisation - Drill & Blast

Mechanisation across the process

- Zero Harm
- Significant productivity increase
- Specialised equipment for Au & PGM separately



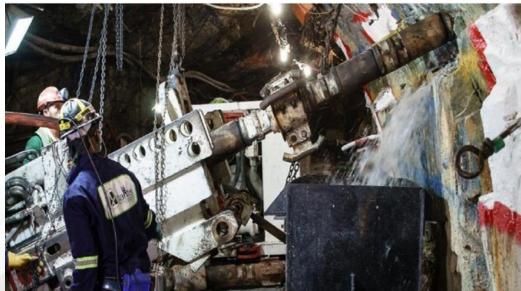




Non-Explosive Mining

Full 24/7 operations

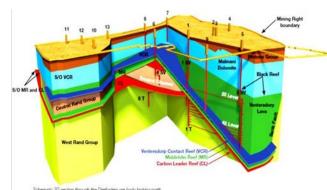
- Revolutionary change to mining
- Remove dependency on explosives
- Extraction of only channel width no waste

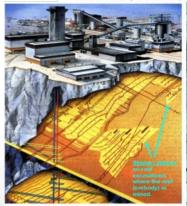




Convention current m	
	Longevity of current mining
	Mechanisation (D&B)
Continuou mining	us

Initiative	Rationale	Benefit
Advance Orebody	Ability to "see" ahead of the rock	 Increase safety Increase efficiency by knowing where the reef is











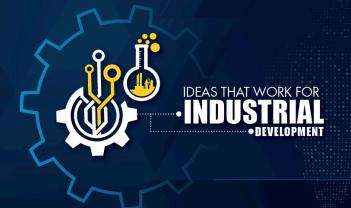
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Real-time Information Management Systems	Converting information to knowledge and wisdom	 Information is immediately available to decision makers Information is collected, processed and managed to allow for proactive and predictive decision







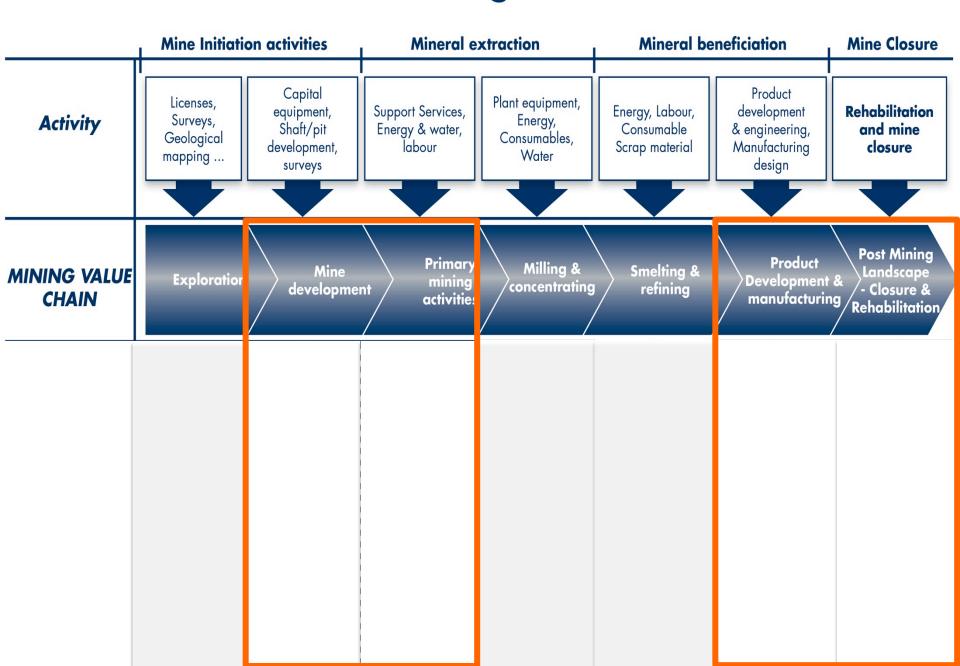
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Successful Applications of Technology	understanding why technologies either work or fail	 Understanding the pitfalls when technology is implemented Change management
•Stakeholder engagement Impact assessment	• Leadership • Change Management • New Mining skills • Wellness, health and safety • Utilising current skills • Economic diversification • Skills for other industries	•Localisation •Social protection



The CSIR's role in mining



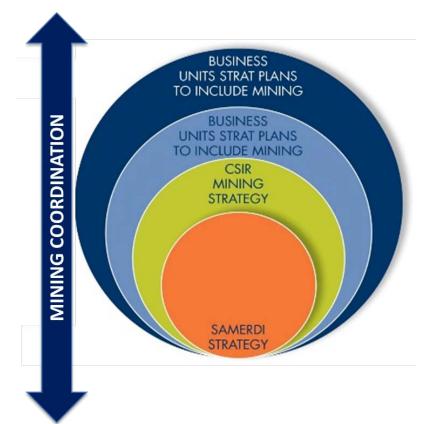
Generic Mining Value Chain



CSIR role in mining



- CSIR contracted by DST to lead the implementation of SAMERDI strategy.
- Central player and driver of the SAMERDI Strategy.
- Mining industry has been identified as a pillar in *Project* Synapse on Industralisation.
- Has multi, inter and transdisciplinary capabilities to provide diverse technological solutions.



Mining coordination currently under the Industry Research Impact Area (RIA).

CSIR role in mining



Examples of Mining R&D

- 1. OHS for MHSC's on Blasting vibrations and Statutory Equipment Monitoring;
- 2. Geotechnical offerings to Sasol, Impala;
- 3. Addressing post-mining projects in Limpopo with Anglo American;
- 4. Geophysics projects for various mines
- 5. Coaltech Coal processing & Environmental studies
- 6. International Collaboration China and EU

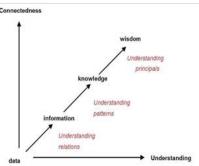












Mining matters!



Keeps you connected

- Copper (16 grams) ¹
- Silver (0.35 grams)¹
- Gold (0.034 grams) ¹
- Palladium (0.015 grams) ¹
- Platinum (0.00034 grams) ¹
- Ceramic magnetic switches containing rare earths²
- Indium²
- Titanium dioxide²
- Indium tin oxide²



Global infrastructure



"If it's not grown, it's mined"

Source: Chamber of Mines of South Africa`

New energy sources



- 335 tons of steel
- 4.7 tons of copper
- · 13 tons of fibre-glass
- · 3 tons of aluminium
- 1,200 tons of reinforced concrete

Beauty and healthcare



- Talc
- Mica
- Kaolin
- Calcite
- Titanium dioxide
- Zinc oxide



- Silica
- Limestone Aluminium
- Fluoride
- · Fluoride
- Titanium
- Petroleum



Mining matters - CSIR's role



<u>Sector Needs</u>	<u>CSIR response</u>
Industry and Government has recognised Mining R&D is core.	CSIR is rebuilding is mining capabilities for direct mining application.
	Has multi, inter and transdisciplinary capabilities to provide diverse technological solutions.
	 Central player and driver of the SAMERDI Strategy, funding over next three years (R 27 m, R 100 mil, >R 60 mil)
Modernisation of mining requires a range of solutions from tweaks to "game changing" approaches	Mining Precinct@Carlow Road established
	Mining Hub for R&D with DST, CoM, dti and CSIR in Public Private Cooperation.

Mining matters - CSIR's role



Impact

Outcomes



Activities

Inputs



Impact on economy & society

- Industrial and scientific development:
- Improved quality of life of the people of the Republic:



RD&I outcomes

- Scientific and technological support to strategic and national initiatives and to industry:
- Scientific and technological capabilities, e.g. materials science, photonics, robotics, modelling, ICT:



RD&I outputs

- Publications:
- Reports:
- Patents:
- Technologies:



RD & I activities

- Research:
 - Partnering
- RD&I management
- Technology transfer



Inputs

- Human capital
- Research facilities
- Financial resources
- Governance



Thank you

